



POLYSHIELD HT[™] TRAFFIC COAT UB "A" Component Revised Date: 11/10/2017 Version: 2 SDS-136

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME CAS NUMBER PRODUCT USE MANUFACTURER ADDRESS PHONE FAX EMERGENCY CONTACT TOLL FREE INTERNATIONAL FAX POLYSHIELD HT[™] TRAFFIC COAT UB "A" Component Not available Polyurea Coating Specialty Products, Inc. (SPI) 2410 104th Street Ct S Suite D, Lakewood, WA 98499 253-588-7101 (800) 627-0773 253-588-7196 FOR SPILLS, LEAKS, FIRE, OR EXPOSURE CALL CHEMTREC 800-424-9300 +1-703-527-3887 913-321-1490

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

GHS PICTOGRAM





DANGER

		G	HS CLAS	SSIFICATION		
	CLASSIFICATION HAZARD STATEMENTS					
Skin corrosion/irrita	ation	Category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.		
Skin sensitization		Category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Serious eye damag	ge/eye irritation	Category 2A	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Acute toxicity inhal	ation	Category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.		
Respiratory sensiti:	zation	Category 1	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.		
Specific target org exposure; respirate	an toxicity (STOT), single bry tract	Category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.		
		PRECA	AUTIONA	ARY STATEMENTS		
			PREV	ENTION		
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/g	as/mist/vapors/sp	oray.			
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after	handling.				
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.					
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.					
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.					
P285	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.					
			RES	PONSE		
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.					
P304 +P340+P312	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.					
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.					
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.					
P342 + P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.					
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.					
			STC	DRAGE		
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.					
P405	Store locked up.					
	(POSAL		
P501	P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.					

READ THE ENTIRE SDS FOR MORE THOROUGH EVALUATION OF THE HAZARDS



SECTION 3: COMPOSIT	ION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS					
CHEMICAL NAME		CAS NUMBER	% WEIGHT			
Methyloxirane polymer		157937-75-2	30-60			
4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocya	101-68-8	13-30				
2,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocya	nate	5873-54-1	13-30			
Propylene carbonate		108-32-7	7-13			
SECTION 4: FIRST AID	MEASURES					
EYE:	In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.					
SKIN:	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Call a physician if irritat develops or persists. An MDI study has demonstrated that a polyglycol-based skin cleanser (such as D-TamTM, PEG-40 or corn oil may be more effective than soap and water.					
INHALATION:	If breathed in, move person into fresh air. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Keep patient warm and at rest. Keep respiratory tract clear. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Consult a physician immediatel symptoms such as shortness of breath or asthma are observed.					
INGESTION:	Gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth with water. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center. Keep respiratory tract clear. Keep at rest. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.					
NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:	Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Following severe exposure, 48 hours.	medical follow-up should	be monitored for			
SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTI	NG MEASURES					
FLASH POINT:	>230°F (>110°C) Method: Closed cup					
HAZARDS WHEN ON FIRE OR NEAR FLAME:	Closed container may forcibly rupture under extreme heat or when contents are contaminated with water (CO ₂ formed).					
SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Foam, carbon dioxide, or dry powder.					
UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	High volume water jet.					
SPECIAL EXPOSURE HAZARDS:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If in a fire or heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may rupture.					
SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTERS:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. PVC boots, gloves, safety helmet, and protective clothing should be worn.					
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:	May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, unburned hydrocarbons (smoke), nitrogen oxides (NO _x), and/or hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid) when near heat source/flame.					
SECTION 6: ACCIDENTA	L RELEASE MEASURES					
ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:	For major spills call CHEMTREC: Toll free 1-800-424-9300 for international ca	ll 1-703-527-3887 .				
PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:	Wear appropriate personal protective equipment recommended in SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION of this SDS. Immediately contact emergency personnel. Evacuate the area. Keep upwind avoiding inhalation of vapors. Clean-up should only be performed by trained personnel. People dealing with major spillages should wear full protective clothing including respiratory protection.					
ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:	This material may contaminate the environment without proper control and response to spills. Ensure spilled material does not come in contact with soil, waterway, drains, sewers, or other runoff that would further disperse the material. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil, or air). Sources of ignition should be kept clear.					
METHODS FOR CONTAINMENT:	Use diking or capping to control migration. Contain and absorb large spillages with a non-flammable absorbent carrier (such as vermiculite, earth, or sand). DO NOT USE combustible materials such as sawdust. Shovel into open-top drums or plastic bags for further decontamination, if necessary. Remove and properly dispose of residues. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor (See SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS) Notify applicable government authorities if release is reportable.					
METHODS FOR CLEANING UP:	Only proceed with clean up by taking the appropriate personal protection measures required and ensure surrounding area does not contain further hazards that could worsen the spill, cause migration, or cause further harm (i.e. eliminate any ignition sources). Move any non-contaminated, non-leaking containers from the spill zone if it can be done safely. Dike, dam, or further restrict and stop active leaks without posing further damage or harm to individuals, the environme and/or structures. Contain and collect spillage. See SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS for disposal informatic and SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/ PERSONAL PROTECTION for recommended Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Obey all local, state, and federal regulations during clean up.					

federal regulations. HANDLING: Before opening this package, reamixture. Put on appropriate persexposure limit is not exceeded, under the second state of the second sta	0°F (15-32°C). Handling and storage shall be in accordance with local, state/provincial, or d and follow warning labels on all components. Avoid contact with the product or reaction on protective equipment. Use only with adequate ventilation to ensure that the occupational
mixture. Put on appropriate pers exposure limit is not exceeded, u (See SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CO shall be prohibited in areas wher eating, drinking, and smoking. P respiratory disease should not be clothing. Keep in the original cor	onal protective equipment. Use only with adequate ventilation to ensure that the occupational
	se respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Avoid breathing aerosols, mists, and vapors. NTROL/ PERSONAL PROTECTION for details). Do not ingest. Eating, drinking, and smoking e this material is handled, stored, and processed. Workers shall wash hands and face before ersons with a history of skin sensitization problems, asthma, allergies, or chronic or recurrent employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or tainer or an approved alternative made from a compatible material. Kept tightly closed when in product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse containers.
STORAGE: Keep container tightly closed with water producing CO ₂ gas, a reseal contaminated containers. container with argon or nitrogen	and properly sealed when stored. Keep contents away from moisture. Due to reaction

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS:

COMPONENT NAME	CAS NUMBER	EXPOSURE LIMITS			
Methyloxirane polymer	157937-75-2	Not available			
4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	101-68-8	ACGIH TLV TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hour(s) OSHA PEL CEIL: 0.02 ppm CEIL: 0.2 mg/m ³ NIOSH REL CEIL: 0.2 mg/m ³ 10 minute(s) CEIL: 0.02 ppm 10 minute(s) TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 10 hour(s) TWA: 0.005 ppm 10 hour(s)			
2,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	5873-54-1	Not available			
Propylene carbonate	108-32-7	Not available			
ENGINEERING CONTROLS:	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor, or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, and other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.				
HYGIENE MEASURES:	smoking, and using the restroom a best practice decontamination con migration of contaminants. Handle local, state, and federal regulations	oroughly with plenty of soap and water after handling chemical products, before eating, nd at the end of the working period. Appropriate engineering, administrative, and other trol measures must be used to isolate contaminates on clothing and to prevent unintended clothing and other potentially contaminated material appropriately and in compliance with is in the process of removing, washing/cleaning, and reuse of these potentially contaminated nd location of eyewash station and safety showers.			
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQU	IIPMENT (PPE):				
EYE PROTECTION:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield.				
SKIN PROTECTION:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed, the risks involved, and should be approved by an industrial hygiene specialist before handling this product.				
HANDS PROTECTION:	Chemical resistant gloves complying with applicable health and safety standards shall be worn when handling this product. Protective gloves are those made from butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or polyvinyl alcohol. Appropriate hazard assessments in conjunction with an evaluation of the protection factors of chemical resistant gloves shall be performed to ensure the protective properties remain intact. It is noted that the time to breakdown of protection factors for different glove manufacturers varies. In the case of mixtures, the protection factors of chemical resistant gloves may be impacted and deteriorate at unpredictable rates without understanding the impact of the substance and the specific protection factors of the chemical resistant gloves.				
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:	Ensure adequate ventilation. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N100 (US) or type P3 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).				
ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:	Dispose of raw and spent materials and wastes in compliance with all local, state, and federal regulations to prevent potential environmental contamination. Industrial air monitoring may be required to determine any potential environmental hazards to the atmosphere. This monitoring may result in the use of engineering and administrative controls such as filtering and scrubbing systems to mitigate or eliminate potential contaminants.				

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL &	CHEMICAL PROPE	RTIES						
PHYSICAL STATE:	Liquid	FLASH POIN	IT:	>230°F (>110°C)				
COLOR:	Yellow	Yellow AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not avail						
ODOR:	Slightly musty	DECOMPOS	ITION TEMPERATURE:	Not available				
ODOR THRESHOLD:	Not available	EXPLOSIVE	LIMITS:	Not explosive				
pH:	Not applicable	FLAMMABIL	ITY:	Not available				
WATER SOLUBILITY:	Not available	BOILING PO	INT:	Not available				
PARTITION COEFFICIENT:	Not available	BOILING RA	NGE:	Not available				
SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	1.14±0.005 g/cc @ 77°F (25°C) MELTING/FR	REEZING POINT:	Not available				
VISCOSITY:	375±25 cps @ 77°F (25°	C) VAPOR PRE	SSURE:	0.0000053 hPa (20 °C)				
EVAPORATION RATE:	Not available	VAPOR DEN	ISITY:	8.5				
VOC:	Not available	RELATIVE D	ENSITY:	9.5±0.05 lbs/gal				
SECTION 10: STABILITY &								
STABILITY:	Stable when handled an	d stored at temperatures 60	-90°F (15-32°C).					
INCOMPATIBILITY:	Incompatible with water,	alcohols, amines, bases, an	d acids.					
HAZARDOUS REACTION:	Exothermic reaction will occur when combined with sister component. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Reaction with water (moisture) produces CO ₂ gas. An exothermic reaction with materials containing active hydrogen groups can occur. The reaction becomes progressively more vigorous and can be violent at higher temperatures if the miscibility of the reaction partners is good or is supported by stirring or by the presence of solvents. This material is insoluble with, and heavier than, water and sinks to the bottom, but reacts slowly at the interface. A solid water insoluble layer of polyurea is formed at the interface by liberating carbon dioxide.							
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	Polymerization may occur at elevated temperatures in the presence of alkalis, tertiary amines and metal compounds. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization should not occur.							
CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	Avoid moisture contamination and high temperatures.							
SECTION 11: TOXICOLOG	Y INFORMATION							
ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS:								
EYE CONTACT:	Causes eye irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling. May cause temporary corneal injury. Vapor or aerosol may cause irritation with symptoms of burning and tearing.							
SKIN CONTACT:	Causes skin irritation with symptoms of reddening, itching, and swelling. Persons previously sensitized can experience allergic skin reaction with symptoms of reddening, itching, swelling, and rash. Cured material is difficult to remove. Contact with MDI can cause discoloration.							
INHALATION:	Diisocyanate vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV or PEL can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyperreactivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV or PEL with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack or asthma-like symptoms. Exposure well above the TLV or PEL may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). Chemical or hypersensitivity pneumonitis, with flu-like symptoms (e.g., fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure. These effects are usually reversible. The test atmosphere generated in the animal study is not representative of workplace environments, how the substance is placed on the market, and how it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore the test result cannot be directly applied for the purpose of assessing hazard. Based on expert judgment and the weight of the evidence, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.							
INGESTION:	May cause irritation of the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.							
ACUTE TOXICITY:								
COMPONENT NAME	CAS NUMBER	LD ₅₀ Oral (mg/kg)	LD ₅₀ Dermal (mg/kg)	LC ₅₀ Inhalation (mg/L/4hrs)				
Methyloxirane polymer	157937-75-2	> 10,000 (rat)	> 9,400 (rabbit)	Not available				
	101-68-8	>2,000 (rat)	>9,400 (rabbit)	0.49 (rat)				
4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	101-00-0	2,000 (100)	· 5, 100 (labbid)	•··•• (·•••)				
4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate2,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	5873-54-1	>2,000 (rat)	>9,400 (rabbit)	0.49 (rat)				

POTENTIAL CHRONIC EFFECTS:							
	As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals may develop sensitization to isocyanates (asthma or asthma-like symptoms) that may cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanates at levels well below the TLV or PEL. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Extreme asthmatic reactions can be life threatening. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Sensitization can be permanent. Chronic overexposure to isocyanates has also been reported to cause lung damage (including fibrosis, decrease in lung function) that may be permanent., Prolonged contact with skin can cause reddening, swelling, rash, and, in some cases, skin sensitization and respiratory reaction. This data reinforces the need to prevent direct skin contact with isocyanates. Prolonged vapor contact with the eyes may cause conjunctivitis.						
TARGET ORGANS:	Contains material whi	ich causes dama	ge to the	upper respir	atory tract.		
CARCINOGENICITY:	refer to the most rece Cancer (IARC) Monog	ent information wi raphs as Group 3	th NTP. 1 3. Exposi	he material i ire to levels o	nal Toxic Program (NTP) Report of Carcinogens. Please s classified on the International Agency for Research on of MDI, significantly above the threshold limit value (0.005 mors in a study using rats.		
MUTAGENICITY:	No known significant	effects or critical	hazards.				
TERATOGENICITY:	No known significant	effects or critical	hazards.				
FERTILITY EFFECTS:	No known significant	effects or critical	hazards.				
DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS:	No known significant	effects or critical	hazards.				
MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVER-EXPOSURE:	Existing respiratory/pulmonary and skin conditions may be aggravated by overexposure.						
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL	INFORMATION						
ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS:	Based on a review of the individual components, this product has low ecotoxicity on aquatic organisms. When in contact with water an inert non-biodegradable solid will be produced. There is no evidence of bio-accumulation occurring.						
SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CO	DNSIDERATION						
WASTE DISPOSAL:	By-product wastes or process waste generation should be eliminated and/or minimized when possible. Do not dispose of any contaminants into sanitary sewer systems, storm drains, Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW), or any other municipal waste water treatment facility without written approval and agreements for processing wastes with such enterprises. Dispose of raw or unused materials, wastes, and/or by-products in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal laws. Employ the expertise and knowledge of qualified personnel or contractors in disposal of any and all variants of this product. Ensure material containers are cleaned to the applicable standards before recycling, disposing, or reusing containers. Take special precautions to avoid any cross contamination and potential unknown effects from mixing with other substances. Refer to SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/ PERSONAL PROTECTION of this document for personal protection requirements. Disposal to the environment or in violation of environmental protection laws and statutes must be prevented.						
SECTION 14: TRANSPORT	1	۲ 					
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:							
DOT:	Other regulated substance, liquid, n.o.s. (contains: 4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate) *Single containers less than 5,000 lbs. are not regulated.						
TDG:	Not regulated.						
IMDG:	Not regulated.						
IATA:	Not regulated.						
	all other applicable e	entities must rev	iew, foll	ow, and app	lled in accordance with all precautions, regulations, ly any and all necessary precautions and procedures ts.		
REGULATORY INFORMATION	UN NUMBER	CLASSES	PG*	LABEL	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION		
DOT Classification	NA3082	9	111		Reportable quantity 5,000 lbs. (2,268 kg) Single containers less than 5,000 lbs. are not regulated.		
*PG: Packaging group							

SECTION 15: REGULATORY IN	IFORMATION						
U.S. Federal Regulations							
TSCA 8b Inventory:	All components are lis	sted on the TS	CA inventory	or are exempt.			
TSCA 5a (2):	No components listed	l.					
TSCA 5e:	No components listed	l.					
TSCA 12b:	No components listed	l.					
Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	COMPONE	NT	CAS	NUMBER	CONCEN	TRATION	
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs):	4,4'-Diphenylmetha diisocyanate	ne	10	01-68-8	13-30%		
Clean Air Act - Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS):							
SARA 313 Form R - Reporting	COMPONE	NT	CAS	NUMBER	CONCEN	TRATION	
Requirements:	Methyloxirane polyme	r	157	937-75-2	30-6	50%	
	4,4'-Diphenylmetha diisocyanate	ne	10	01-68-8	13-3	30%	
	2,4'-Diphenylmethane	diisocyanate	58	373-54-1	13-3	80%	
SARA 311/312 hazard identification:	Immediate (acute) hea Delayed (chronic) hea	alth hazard. Ith hazard.					
CERCLA Hazardous substances:	•						
Component	Concentration	Section 302 (TPQ)	Section 313	Section 304 CERCLA RQ	CERCLA reportable quantity	Product reportable quantity	
4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	13-30%	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	5,000 lbs	20,000 lbs	
STATE REGULATIONS:	1			μμ			
PENNSYLVANIA/NEW JERSEY/ MASSACHUSETTS - RTK:	COMPONENT		CAS NUMBER		CONCENTRATION		
MASSACHUSETTS - KTK.	4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate		101-68-8		13-30%		
	2,4'-Diphenylmetha diisocyanate	ne	58	373-54-1	13-30%		
California Prop 65:	This product contains a substance known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm at levels which would require a warning under the statute.						
CANADA							
WHMIS (Canada):	WHMIS Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (very toxic). WHMIS Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (very toxic).						
CEPA DSL:	All components are listed or exempted.						
This product has been classified in ac the information required by the Cont	cordance with the har rolled Products Regu	azard criteria lations.	of the Cont	rolled Products Re	egulations and the	SDS contains all	
INTERNATIONAL LISTS:							
Australia inventory (AICS):	All components are list	ted or exempte	d.				
China inventory (IECSC):	All components are list	ted or exempte	d.				
Japan inventory:	All components are list	ted or exempte	d.				
Korea inventory:	All components are list	ted or exempte	d.				
New Zealand inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):	All components are listed or exempted.						
Phillipines inventory (PICCS):	All components are list	ted or exempte	d.				

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA & HMIS					
4	Extreme				
3	Serious				
2	Moderate				
1	Slight				
0	No Hazard				



National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)

HEALTH	2
FLAMMABILITY	1
REACTIVITY	1
SPECIAL	
INFORMATION	

Note: The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. At the time of publishing, the NFPA/HMIS and the New GHS scale had opposite scales of severity. Check the most recent publications for current information.

Date of Issue:	11/10/2017
Date of previous issue:	7/18/2016
For Your Protection:	The information and recommendations in this publication is to the best of our knowledge, reliable. The toxicity and risk characteristics of products made by SPI will necessarily differ from the toxicity and risk characteristics that occur when such products are used with other materials during a manufacturing process. The resulting risk characteristics should be determined and made known to ultimate end-users and processors. The user is responsible to comply with all applicable federal, provincial or municipal laws and regulations. SPI MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
Preparation Information:	This SDS supersedes ALL previous SDS versions.