SAFETY DATA SHEET

ULTRA BOND<sup>™</sup> HT FC "A" Component Revised Date: 10/25/2018 Version: 7 SDS-167

#### **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

PRODUCT NAME CAS NUMBER PRODUCT USE MANUFACTURER ADDRESS PHONE FAX EMERGENCY CONTACT TOLL FREE INTERNATIONAL FAX ULTRA BOND<sup>™</sup> HT FC "A" Component Not available Polyurea Coating Specialty Products, Inc. (SPI) 2410 104TH ST. CT. S. STE D LAKEWOOD, WA 98499 253 588 7101 800 627 0773 253 588 7196 FOR SPILLS, LEAKS, FIRE, OR EXPOSURE CALL CHEMTREC 800 424 9300 +1 703 527 3887 913 321 1490

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### **GHS LABEL ELEMENTS**

GHS PICTOGRAM



DANGER GHS CLASSIFICAT

GHS CLASSIFICATION								
CATEGORY				HAZARD STATEMENTS				
		Category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.				
Skin sensitization		Category 1	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.				
Serious eye damag		Category 2A	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.				
Acute toxicity inhal		Category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.				
Respiratory sensitiz		Category 1	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.				
Specific target orga exposure; respirato	an toxicity (STOT), single bry tract	Category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.				
Specific target orga repeated exposure		Category 1	H372	Causes damage to organs (respiratory tract) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.				
		PRECA	UTIONA	RY STATEMENTS				
			PREV	ENTION				
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume	e/gas/mist/vapo	rs/spray.					
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.							
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.							
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.							
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.							
P285	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.							
			RESI	PONSE				
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.							
P304 +P340+P312	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell.							
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.							
P337+P313	IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.							
P342+P311	IF experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.							
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.							
			STC	DRAGE				
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.							
P405	Store locked up.							
			DIS	POSAL				
P501	Dispose of contents/conta	iner in accorda	nce with a	applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.				



SECTION 3: COMPOSIT	ION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS						
CHEMICAL NAME		CAS NUMBER	% WEIGHT				
Methyloxirane polymer	157937-75-2	30-60					
4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocya	101-68-8	13-30					
2,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocya	5873-54-1	13-30					
Propylene carbonate		108-32-7	7-13				
SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES							
EYE:	In case of eye contact, remove contact lens and rinse immediately with plenty of minutes. Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritat	of water, also under the en ion persists, consult a spe	velids, for at least 15 ecialist.				
SKIN:	immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean sho	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse. Call a physician if irritation develops or persists. An MDI study has demonstrated that a polyglycol-based skin cleanser (such as D-TamTM, PEG-400)					
INHALATION:	If breathed in, move person into fresh air. Call a physician or poison co warm and at rest. Keep respiratory tract clear. If breathing is difficult, g stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recov Consult a physician immediately if symptoms such as shortness of bre	ive oxygen. If breathin ery position and seek	g is irregular or medical advice.				
INGESTION:	Gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth with water. DO NOT induce vomiti poison control center. Keep respiratory tract clear. Keep at rest. Do not give mill when lying on his back, place him in the recovery position. Never give anything symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.	k or alcoholic beverages.	If a person vomits				
NOTES TO PHYSICIAN:	Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Following severe ex monitored for 48 hours.	posure, medical follow	v-up should be				
SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHT	ING MEASURES						
FLASH POINT:	>230°F (>110°C) Method: Closed cup.						
HAZARDS WHEN ON FIRE OR NEAR FLAME:	Closed container may forcibly rupture under extreme heat or when contents are contaminated with water $(CO_2$ formed).						
SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Foam, carbon dioxide, or dry powder.						
UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	High volume water jet.						
SPECIAL EXPOSURE HAZARDS:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If in a fire or heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may rupture.						
SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTERS:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. PVC boots, gloves, safety helmet, and protective clothing should be worn.						
SECTION 6: ACCIDENTA	AL RELEASE MEASURES						
ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:	For major spills call <b>CHEMTREC</b> : Toll free <b>1-800-424-9300</b> for interna	tional call <b>1-703-527-3</b>	<b>887</b> .				
PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS:	Wear appropriate personal protective equipment recommended in SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/ PERSONAL PROTECTION of this SDS. Immediately contact emergency personnel. Evacuate the area. Keep upwind avoiding inhalation of vapors. Clean-up should only be performed by trained personnel. People dealing with major spillages should wear full protective clothing including respiratory protection.						
ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:	This material may contaminate the environment without proper control and response to spills. Ensure spilled material does not come in contact with soil, waterway, drains, sewers, or other runoff that would further disperse the material. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil, or air). Sources of ignition should be kept clear.						
METHODS FOR CONTAINMENT:	Use diking or capping to control migration. Contain and absorb large spillages with a non-flammable absorbent carrier (such as vermiculite, earth, or sand). DO NOT USE combustible materials such as sawdust. Shovel into open-top drums or plastic bags for further decontamination, if necessary. Remove and properly dispose of residues. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor (See SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS) Notify applicable government authorities if release is reportable.						
METHODS FOR CLEANING UP:	Only proceed with clean up by taking the appropriate personal protection measures required and ensure surrounding area does not contain further hazards that could worsen the spill, cause migration, or cause further harm (i.e. eliminate any ignition sources). Move any non-contaminated, non-leaking containers from the spill zone if it can be done safely. Dike, dam, or further restrict and stop active leaks without posing further damage or harm to individuals, the environment, and/or structures. Contain and collect spillage. See SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS for disposal information and SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/ PERSONAL PROTECTION for recommended Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Obey all local, state, and federal regulations during clean up.						

SECTION 7: HANDLING	& STORAGE		
GENERAL:	Ideal storage temperature is 60-90°F (15-32°C). Handling and storage shall be in accordance with local, state/provincial, or federal regulations.		
HANDLING:	Before opening this package, read and follow warning labels on all components. Avoid contact with the product or reaction mixture. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Use only with adequate ventilation to ensure that the occupational exposure limit is not exceeded, use respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Avoid breathing aerosols, mists, and vapors. (See SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/ PERSONAL PROTECTION for details). Do not ingest. Eating, drinking, and smoking shall be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Workers shall wash hands and face before eating, drinking, and smoking. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems, asthma, allergies, or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or clothing. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material. Keep tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse containers.		
STORAGE:	Keep container tightly closed and properly sealed when stored. Keep contents away from moisture. Due to reaction with water producing CO <sub>2</sub> gas, a hazardous build-up of pressure could result if contaminated containers are resealed. DO NOT reseal contaminated containers. Uncontaminated containers, free of moisture, may be resealed and stored after purging the container with argon or nitrogen gas.		
SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION			

## EXPOSURE LIMITS:

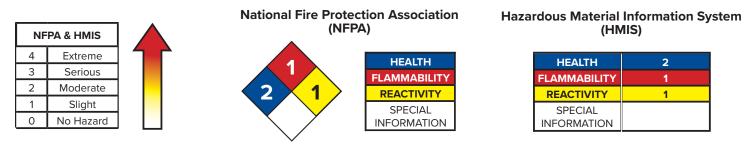
COMPONENT NAME	CAS NUMBER EXPOSURE LIMITS			
Methyloxirane polymer	157937-75-2	Not available		
4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	101-68-8	ACGIH TLV TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hour(s) OSHA PEL CEIL: 0.02 ppm CEIL: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> NIOSH REL CEIL: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 minute(s) CEIL: 0.02 ppm 10 minute(s) TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s) TWA: 0.005 ppm 10 hour(s)		
2,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	5873-54-1	Not available		
Propylene carbonate	108-32-7	Not available		
ENGINEERING CONTROLS:	Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor, or mist, use p enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, and other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airbo contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.			
HYGIENE MEASURES:	before eating, smoking, and usi administrative, and other best p clothing and to prevent uninten material appropriately and in co	e thoroughly with plenty of soap and water after handling chemical products, ng the restroom and at the end of the working period. Appropriate engineering, ractice decontamination control measures must be used to isolate contaminates on ded migration of contaminants. Handle clothing and other potentially contaminated mpliance with local, state, and federal regulations in the process of removing, these potentially contaminated materials. Ensure compliant use and location of wers.		
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQU	IPMENT (PPE):			
EYE PROTECTION:	to avoid exposure to liquid splash	n approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary les, mists, or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless r degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield.		
SKIN PROTECTION:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed, the risks involved, and should be approved by an industrial hygiene specialist before handling this product.			
HANDS PROTECTION:	Chemical resistant gloves complying with applicable health and safety standards shall be worn when handling this product. Protective gloves are those made from butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, or polyvinyl alcohol. Appropriate hazard assessments in conjunction with an evaluation of the protection factors of chemical resistant gloves shall be performed to ensure the protective properties remain intact. It is noted that the time it takes to breakdown of protection factors for different glove manufacturers varies. In the case of mixtures, the protection factors of chemical resistant gloves may be impacted and deteriorate at unpredictable rates without understanding the impact of the substance and the specific protection factors of the chemical resistant gloves.			
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:	Ensure adequate ventilation. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as OSHA 29CFR 1910.134, NIOSH (US), or CEN (EU).			
ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:	Dispose of raw and spent materials and wastes in compliance with all local, state, and federal regulations to prevent potential environmental contamination. Industrial air monitoring may be required to determine any potential environmental hazards to the atmosphere. This monitoring may result in the use of engineering and administrative controls such as filtering and scrubbing systems to mitigate or eliminate potential contaminants.			

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL &	CHEMICAL PROPE	RTIES				
PHYSICAL STATE:	Liquid	FLASH PC	DINT:	>230°F (>110°C)		
COLOR:	Yellow	AUTO-IGN	IITION TEMPERATURE:	Not available		
ODOR:	Slightly musty	DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE:		Not available		
ODOR THRESHOLD:	Not available	EXPLOSIV	EXPLOSIVE LIMITS:			
pH:	Not applicable	FLAMMAE	BILITY:	Not available		
WATER SOLUBILITY:	Not available	BOILING	POINT:	Not available		
PARTITION COEFFICIENT:	Not available	BOILING	RANGE:	Not available		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	1.12±0.02 g/cc @ 77°F	(25°C) MELTING/	FREEZING POINT:	Not available		
VISCOSITY:	350±50 mPa.s @ 77°F	(25°C) VAPOR PI	RESSURE:	0.0000053 hPa (20 °C)		
EVAPORATION RATE:	Not available	VAPOR D	ENSITY:	8.5		
VOC:	0 g/L	RELATIVE	DENSITY:	9.4±0.02 lbs/gal		
SECTION 10: STABILITY &						
STABILITY:	Stable when handled	and stored at temperatu	res 60-90°F (15-32°C).			
INCOMPATIBILITY:	Incompatible with wat	er, alcohols, amines, bas	es, and acids.			
HAZARDOUS REACTION:	Exothermic reaction will occur when combined with sister component. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. Reaction with water (moisture) produces CO <sub>2</sub> gas. An exothermic reaction with materials containing active hydrogen groups can occur. The reaction becomes progressively more vigorous and can be violent at higher temperatures if the miscibility of the reaction partners is good or is supported by stirring or by the presence of solvents. This material is insoluble with and heavier than water. It sinks to the bottom, but reacts slowly at the interface. A solid water insoluble layer of polyurea is formed at the interface by liberating carbon dioxide.					
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	Polymerization may occur at elevated temperatures in the presence of alkalis, tertiary amines and metal compounds. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization should not occur.					
CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	Avoid moisture contamination and high temperatures.					
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:	May produce toxic fumes of carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and/or nitrogen oxides when near heat source/flame.					
SECTION 11: TOXICOLOG	Y INFORMATION					
ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS:						
EYE CONTACT:	Causes eye irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, stinging, and swelling. May cause temporary corneal injury. Vapor or aerosol may cause irritation with symptoms of burning and tearing.					
SKIN CONTACT:	Causes skin irritation with symptoms of reddening, itching, and swelling. Persons previously sensitized can experience allergic skin reaction with symptoms of reddening, itching, swelling, and rash. Cured material is difficult to remove. Contact with MDI can cause discoloration.					
INHALATION:	Disocyanate vapors or mist at concentrations above the TLV or PEL can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyperreactivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV or PEL with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack or asthma-like symptoms. Exposure well above the TLV or PEL may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). Chemical or hypersensitivity pneumonitis, with flu-like symptoms (e.g., fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure. These effects are usually reversible. The test atmosphere generated in the animal study is not representative of workplace environments, how the substance is placed on the market, and how it can reasonably be expected to be used. Therefore the test result cannot be directly applied for the purpose of assessing hazard. Based on expert judgment and the weight of the evidence, a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity is justified.					
NGESTION: May cause irritation of the digestive tract. Symptoms may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea						
ACUTE TOXICITY:						
COMPONENT NAME	CAS NUMBER	LD <sub>50</sub> Oral (mg/kg)	LD <sub>50</sub> Dermal (mg/kg)	$LC_{50}$ Inhalation (mg/L/4hrs)		
Methyloxirane polymer	157937-75-2	> 10,000 (rat)	> 9,400 (rabbit)	Not available		
4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	101-68-8	>2,000 (rat)	>9,400 (rabbit)	0.49 (rat)		
2,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	5873-54-1	>2,000 (rat)	>9,400 (rabbit)	0.49 (rat)		
	108-32-7 >33,520 (rat) >2,000 (rabbit) >5 (rat)					

POTENTIAL CHRONIC EFFECTS:							
CHRONIC EFFECTS:	As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals may develop sensitization to isocyanates (asthma or asthma-like symptoms) that may cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanates at levels well below the TLV or PEL. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Extreme asthmatic reactions can be life threatening. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air, or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Sensitization can be permanent. Chronic overexposure to isocyanates has also been reported to cause lung damage (including fibrosis, decrease in lung function) that may be permanent. Prolonged contact with skin can cause reddening, swelling, rash, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Animal tests and other research indicate that skin contact with MDI can play a role in causing isocyanates. Prolonged vapor contact with the eyes may cause conjunctivitis.						
TARGET ORGANS:	Contains material w	vhich causes da	amage to	o the upper	r respiratory tract.		
CARCINOGENICITY:	to the most recent infe	ormation with NT s Group 3. Expos	P. The ma ure to lev	aterial is clas /els of MDI, s	al Toxic Program (NTP) Report of Carcinogens. Please refer sified on the International Agency for Research on Cancer significantly above the threshold limit value (0.005 ppm), was udy using rats.		
MUTAGENICITY:	No known significa	nt effects or cri	tical haz	ards.			
TERATOGENICITY:	No known significa	nt effects or cri	tical haz	ards.			
FERTILITY EFFECTS:	No known significa	nt effects or cri	tical haz	ards.			
DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS:	No known significa	nt effects or cri	tical haz	ards.			
MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVER-EXPOSURE:	Existing respiratory	/pulmonary and	d skin co	onditions m	ay be aggravated by overexposure.		
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAI	INFORMATION	N					
ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS:							
SECTION 13: DISPOSAL C	ONSIDERATION						
WASTE DISPOSAL:	By-product wastes or process waste generation should be eliminated and/or minimized when possible. Do not dispose of any contaminants into sanitary sewer systems, storm drains, Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTW), or any other municipal waste water treatment facility without written approval and agreements for processing wastes wi such enterprises. Dispose of raw or unused materials, wastes, and/or by-products in accordance with all applicable local, state, and federal laws. Employ the expertise and knowledge of qualified personnel or contractors in disposal of any and all variants of this product. Ensure material containers are cleaned to the applicable standards before recycling, disposing, or reusing containers. Take special precautions to avoid any cross contamination and potential unknown effects from mixing with other substances. Refer to SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/ PERSONAL PROTECTION of this document for personal protection requirements. Disposal to the environment or in violation of environmental protection laws and statutes must be prevented.						
SECTION 14: TRANSPORT	INFORMATION						
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:							
DOT:	Other regulated substance, liquid, n.o.s. (contains: 4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate) *Single containers less than 5,000 lbs. are not regulated.						
TDG:	Not regulated.						
IMDG:	Not regulated.						
IATA:	Not regulated.						
	all other applicable	entities must re	eview, fo	llow, and a	ndled in accordance with all precautions, regulations, pply any and all necessary precautions and al environments.		
REGULATORY INFORMATION	UN NUMBER	CLASSES	PG*	LABEL	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION		
DOT Classification	NA3082	9	111		<b>Reportable quantity 5,000 lbs. (2,268 kg)</b> Single containers less than 5,000 lbs. are not regulated.		
*PG: Packaging group							

SECTION 15: REGULATORY	INFORMATION					
U.S. Federal Regulations						
TSCA 8b Inventory:	All components are listed on the TSCA inventory or are exempt.					
TSCA 5a (2):	No components listed.					
TSCA 5e:	No components list	ted.				
TSCA 12b:	No components list	ted.				
Clean Air Act Section 112(b)	СОМР	ONENT	CAS N	IUMBER	CONCENTRATION	
Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs):	4,4'-Diphenylmetha	ane diisocyanate	101	101-68-8		
Clean Air Act - Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS):	This product does	not contain nor is it m	anufactured with o	zone depleting subs	stances.	
SARA 313 Form R - Reporting	СОМР	ONENT	CAS N	IUMBER	CONCENTRATION	
Requirements:	Methyloxirane poly	mer	15793	37-75-2	30-60%	
	4,4'-Diphenylmetha	ane diisocyanate	101	-68-8	13-30%	
	2,4'-Diphenylmeth	ane diisocyanate	587	5873-54-1		
SARA 311/312 hazard identification:	Immediate (acute) h Delayed (chronic) h					
CERCLA Hazardous substances:						
Component	Concentration	Section 302	Section 313	Section 304	Reportable Quantity	
4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	20-40%	Not listed	Listed	Not listed	5,000 lbs	
STATE REGULATIONS:						
PENNSYLVANIA/NEW JERSEY/	СОМР	ONENT	CAS NUMBER		CONCENTRATION	
MASSACHUSETTS - RTK:	2,4'-Diphenylmetha	ane diisocyanate	5873-54-1		20-40%	
	4,4'-Diphenylmetha	ane diisocyanate	101-68-8		20-40%	
California Prop 65:	This product contai defects, or other re	ns no listed substanc productive harm, at le	es known to the Star evels which would r	ate of California to c require a warning ur	ause cancer, birth ider the statute.	
CANADA	•					
WHMIS (Canada):	WHMIS Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (very toxic). WHMIS Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (very toxic).					
CEPA DSL:	All components are listed or exempted.					
This product has been classified in the information required by the Cor	accordance with the ntrolled Products Re	e hazard criteria of th gulations.	e Controlled Prod	ucts Regulations an	d the SDS contains all	
INTERNATIONAL LISTS:						
Australia inventory (AICS):	All components are listed or exempted.					
China inventory (IECSC):	All components are listed or exempted.					
Japan inventory:	All components are listed or exempted.					
Korea inventory:	All components are listed or exempted.					
New Zealand inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):	All components are listed or exempted.					
Phillipines inventory (PICCS):	i					

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**



# Note: The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. At the time of publishing, the NFPA/HMIS and the New GHS scale had opposite scales of severity. Check the most recent publications for current information.

For Your Protection:	The information and recommendations in this publication is to the best of our knowledge, reliable. The toxicity and risk characteristics of products made by SPI will necessarily differ from the toxicity and risk characteristics that occur when such products are used with other materials during a manufacturing process. The resulting risk characteristics should be determined and made known to ultimate end-users and processors. The user is responsible to comply with all applicable federal, provincial or municipal laws and regulations. SPI MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THOSE OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
Preparation Information:	This SDS supersedes ALL previous SDS versions.